Birdathon Adventure 2013 - Audubon Vermont

by Gwendolyn Causer



A cool, overcast Birdathon day (perfect birding weather) yielded an official Audubon count of 82 species this year, featuring some spectacular sightings of some of our most colorful spring migrants: Indigo Bunting, Blackburnian Warbler, and Scarlet Tanager. My official "Causer-count" ran slightly higher, to 86 species, since I also included the House Wren that woke me up at 4:30 a.m., my next-doorneighbor's chickens that clucked to me as I sleepily strapped my bike

to the car, the pair of Red-tailed Hawks that I spotted along the highway on my drive to Audubon, and some domestic ducks in a yard that we biked past in Huntington. The roster of birders also ran high this year. All I2 Audubon staff joined in, as well as one board member. Peter Ross, Audubon Vermont's brand-new Executive Director spent his very first day on the job at Birdathon – a true testament to his adventuresome spirit (pictured in blue at right).



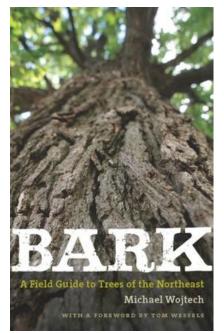
The Indigo Bunting's insistent "Fire, fire! Where, where? Here, here! There, there!" song marked the 6 a.m. Birdathon start at the office porch. We tallied seven other species as we gathered ourselves and our gear for our hike. Adjacent to the Audubon office we spotted birds that thrive and nest in old fields and shrublands. Land in Vermont "wants" to revert back to forest, which can translate to fewer nesting options for these birds. Mark LaBarr noted that after nesting season this summer the old field is scheduled to be cut to restore this habitat. The Common Yellowthroats and Chestnut-sided Warblers will be happy.



As we climbed higher, we teased apart the songs of the high-pitched birds (purely a coincidence): Blackburnian Warbler, Black-throated Green Warbler, Winter Wren, and Brown Creeper. At Lookout Rock the complex, melodious song of a thrush had us all picking sides of Wood Thrush versus Hermit Thrush, until we realized that both were singing. Taking the recently-restored Museum Trail up to the ridgeline, we searched the oak treetops for the scratchy-sounding Scarlet Tanager (described as sounding like a Robin with a sore throat) and the sweetly-singing Rose-breasted Grosbeak (a Robin with voice lessons). Four of us lagged behind to try to spy the singers and puzzle over late-spring tree identification (butternut versus bitternut). I'm ready for Audubon's Bark Workshop with Michael Wojtech – he wrote the book on Bark!

Bark: Get to Know Your Trees on June 22, 9:30 - 1:30

http://vt.audubon.org/bark-get-know-your-trees



We'd heard recent reports of a Goshawk at the Birds of Vermont Museum feeding station, so we decided to swing through the woods in search of this sometimes-aggressive raptor. Although we located two massive Goshawk stick-nests high in the pines, we never spotted the bird.

The Louisana Waterthrush typically wades in shallow brooks and along the waters' edge. The quiet brown bird blends seamlessly with its surroundings. A flicker of movement is your only clue to its presence. We followed the brook nearly from Huntington Road until it joined the Hungtington River, but failed to find this bird either. At the river we flushed a startled pair Mallard Ducks. A Belted Kingfisher noted our arrival with a cackling, raspy chortle. Red-winged Blackbirds defended their nesting territories, flashing their yellow and red epaulettes. We steadily amassed more bird species as we returned uphill past the

Beaver Pond, the Hemlock Swamp and the Peeper Pond. Our on-foot

tally totaled 52 when we shifted gears to birding-by-bike.

The short pedal to Beaudry's Store surprised us with 11 bird species (species #53 to #64). We count on finding "town birds" (House Sparrow, Rock Pigeon, Mourning Dove, Starling), but didn't expect to discover a flock of Canada-bound Pine Siskins buzzing in the treetops.





At Gillette Pond we spotted two male Scarlet Tanagers, perfectly lit by the sun in the tops of two adjacent trees. One sported cadmium-red feathers, the other vermillion. Birding by ear drives my ornithological passion, but this pair fed my visual side. Just down the road this aural/visual imbalance reappeared. I came upon a pair of nondescript warbler-sized birds by the side of the road. I hadn't a clue as to their identity; I needed their song to trigger their name. They flew off before uttering a peep, anonymous and uncounted. It's good to know I have more to learn...

The last leg of Birdathon runs on a sandy single-track trail along the Winooski River. My city-cycling skills did me little good on the rolling, twisting terrain. My birding suffered from diverting my full attention to staying on my bike and on the trail. The Bank Swallows nesting colony always fascinates me. I find it odd to think of burrowing birds.

The American Woodcock wrapped up our Birdathon this year. Mark and his son Owein witnessed the courtship display flight in the sugarhouse field late in the evening. I hope to catch it next year.

Birdathon Species List 2013

*Causer-count bird

- I. House Wren*
- 2. chicken*
- 3. Red-tailed Hawk*
- 4. Indigo Bunting
- 5. American Robin
- 6. Chestnut-sided Warbler
- 7. Ovenbird
- 8. Common Yellowthroat
- 9. Hairy Woodpecker
- 10. Least Flycatcher
- Red-eyed Vireo
- 12. White-throated Sparrow
- 13. Black-capped Chickadee
- 14. Rose-breasted Grosbeak
- 15. Gray Catbird
- 16. Blue Jay
- 17. Black-throated Green Warbler
- 18. Blackburnian Warbler
- 19. Eastern Wood Pewee
- 20. Winter Wren
- 21. White-breasted Nuthatch
- 22. Brown Creeper
- 23. Hermit Thrush
- 24. Blue-headed Vireo
- 25. Wood Thrush
- 26. Red-breasted Nuthatch
- 27. American Crow
- 28. Yellow-rumped Warbler
- 29. Scarlet Tanager
- 30. Dark-eyed Junco
- 31. American Redstart
- 32. American Goldfinch
- 33. Black and White Warbler
- 34. Veery
- 35. Common Grackle
- 36. Baltimore Oriole
- 37. Song Sparrow
- 38. Northern Cardinal
- 39. Brown-headed Cowbird

- 40. Yellow-bellied Sapsucker
- 41. Great-crested Flycatcher
- 42. Ruby-throated Hummingbird
- 43. Red-winged Blackbird
- 44. Mallard Duck
- 45. Bobolink
- 46. Belted Kingfisher
- 47. Eastern Phoebe
- 48. Purple Finch
- 49. Common Merganser
- 50. Tree Swallow
- 51. Swamp Sparrow
- 52. Yellow Warbler
- 53. Eastern Bluebird
- 54. Northern Parula
- 55. Broad-winged Hawk
- 56. Chipping Sparrow
- 57. Tufted Titmouse
- 58. Barn Swallow
- 59. European Starling
- 60. Warbling Vireo
- 61. Eastern Kingbird
- 62. Mourning Dove
- 63. House Sparrow
- 64. House Finch
- 65. Rock Pigeon
- 66. Savannah Sparrow
- 67. Pine Siskin
- 68. domestic duck*
- 69. White-crowned Sparrow
- 70. Black-throated Blue Warbler
- 71. Downy Woodpecker
- 72. Northern Waterthrush
- 73. Spotted Sandpiper
- 74. Canada Goose
- 75. Pileated Woodpecker
- 76. Turkey Vulture
- 77. Wild Turkey
- 78. Evening Grosbeak
- 79. Yellow-throated Vireo
- 80. Northern Flicker
- 81. Bank Swallow
- 82. Ring-billed Gull
- 83. Wood Duck

- Chimney Swift Killdeer 84. 85.
- 86. American Woodcock